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PATENT SPECIFICATION

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION.

Improvements in and relating to Cementing Plugs for Oil Wells and the like

We, JAMES CUTHILL, a British Subject, of Glencoin, 129, Bramhall Lane South, Bramhall Cheshire, and THE OIL WELL COMPANY, LIMITED, ENGINEERING 5 British Company, of Cheadle Heath, Stockport, Cheshire, do hereby declare the nature of this invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, to be particularly described and ascertained in 10 and by the following statement:-

This invention relates to cementing plugs for use in connection with the cementing of the space between the steel lining of a bore hole and the surface of the

15 earth strata of the hole.

In the drilling of wells or bore holes for the production, for example of oil, water or brine, it is usual to line the walls of the hole with steel casing for the purpose of 20 supporting the walls and also to prevent ingress of water from the upper strate, which may be underirable. The steel casing in lengths which are jointed by the usual screwed couplings or by welding is 5 inserted into the bore hole, and for ease of insertion, the exterior diameter of the casing is somewhat less than the diameter of the bore hole.

The lower end of the casing is usually 80 provided with a heavy steel shoe of tubular form. The shoe is provided with an internal plug of cast iron, aluminium, concrete, artificial resin, or other material Within this capable of being drilled. 35 plug a non-return valve is located for preventing the flow of liquid from the hole upwardly into the casing, while permit-ting liquid being pumped down through the casing beneath the shoe and then 40 upwardly through the annular space

between the casing and bore hole. The casing is inserted in the bore hole until the shoe is a short distance above the bottom of the hole and then it is usual 45 to pump or circulate water or mud fluid from the surface through the casing and non-return valve. This water or mud fluid will then pass upwardly through the annular space between the casing and sur-50 face of the bore hole until it reaches ground level. This circulation of liquid is for the purpose of washing away any

obst uctions, such as mud or elay from

the annular space, the presence of which would be objectionable to the subsequent 55 cementing operation.

After circulating the water or mud fluid, a plug is inserted inside the casing at the surface, the top fittings of the casing closed and liquid cement pumped down inside the casing on top of the plug, caus-

ing the plug to travel down the casing.

When a sufficient quantity of liquid cement has been pumped into the casing, a second or top plug is inserted above the liquid cement and, after the top fittings having again been fixed in position, mud fluid is pumped into the casing above the second plug, forcing the whole column of liquid cement and mud fluid downwards until the first plug abuts against the shoe plug at the bottom of the casing. Continued pumping causes the second or top plug to travel downwardly forcing the liquid cement through passages in the bottom plug, and thence past the non-return valve to the annular space around the casing until the whole quantity of liquid cement has been injected in the bore hole and the top plug comes into contact with the bottom plug, the completion of the process being indicated by an increase of the pumping pressure at the surface.

The well is then left for a sufficient time to allow the liquid cement to set and form an impermeable seal and support for the earth strate around the outside of the

steel casing.

The cement having set, the various plugs, that is the top plug, the bottom plug and the shoe plug with the nonreturn valve, which are all constructed of a drillable material, are drilled out, the drilling being continued through the cement below the shoe. It is an object of the present invention

to provide an improved form of cementing plug which may readily be constructed and which is particularly suitable to the 100 after-comenting drilling operation.

It is important that the operator should know when the comenting plugs have been penetrated while being drilled after the cementing operation.

It is known in connection with bore hole

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cementing equipment to have to drill up a concrete plug and in practice such con-crete has been coloured by the inclusion of a suitable colouring material. When such 5 a coloured plug is drilled up the cuttings are mixed with the mud fluid being circulated.

It is a further object of the invention to provide improved colour indicating means

10 incorporated in the plug.

The cementing plug according to the invention is formed by moulding or casting it of concrete or similar cementitious material, and is provided with an annular 15 flexible packing ring or disphragm cast therein and adapted to engage the wall of the casing.

The plugs may have cast therein a bottle or other receptacle containing a dye or 20 colouring matter adapted when released by drilling to stain the circulating mud

fluid a distinctive colour.

In the accompanying drawings:

Figure 1 is a sectional elevation 25 through a bore hole showing the steel casing with the plugs in position for the cementing operation,

Figure 2 is an elevation of the bottom

plug

Figure 3 is a plan of the bottom plug, Figure 4 is a sectional elevation, Figure 5 is a sectional elevation of the top plug,

Figure 6 is a plan, and

Figure 7 is a sectional plan on line 7-7

of Figure 5.

In carrying the invention into effect according to one convenient mode by way of example, the bottom plug 6 which is 40 cast or moulded in concrete or similar cementitious material, is of circular cross section, the lower part 6a being of a diameter conforming to the diameter of the steel casing 7 (Figure 1). The upper 45 part 6b is of reduced diameter to provide an annular space between it and the casing. Near the upper end of the reduced part a flexible ring or diaphragm 8 of rubber or other suitable material is cast in 50 the plug, being secured in position by soft metal nails, wooden pegs or the like 9. The diameter of the disphragm is slightly

in excess of the bore of the casing. At the upper end the plug is provided 55 with a dishing or recess 10 across which a tube 11 extends, the ends of the tube being cast in the plug. The tube 11 may be formed of any suitable drillable material such as compressed paper or 60 artificial resin and provides means for

lifting the plug.

Located at the junction of the parts 6a and 6b is a series of downwardly extending passages 12 which merge into an axial 65 passage 18.

Located at a suitable position within the plug is a bottle or container 30 which contains a colouring material or dye which may be of solid powder, liquid or crystal The bottle is inserted during the 70 casting of the plug.

The plug is cast in a suitable mould having provision for holding diaphragm 8 and tube 11 in position.

The top plug 14 has its upper part 14a of a diameter permitting an easy sliding movement with the steel casing and may be cut away or necked at the central part

14b to save material and for lightness.

At the lower end the plug is provided with a cast-in diaphragm or ring 15 of rubber or other flexible material. * The diaphragm is held in the groove by pins 16 similar to the diaphragm of the bottom

The upper end 17 of the plug is of reduced diameter to accommodate a sealing ring 18 formed of rubber or other flexible material and having a flange 19 by which it is cast in the plug. Pins 20 are provided for holding the ring in position.

The upper end 17 is provided with a dishing or recess 21 across which the cast-

in lifting tube 22 is located.

The top plug is of concrete or similar cementitious material, cast in a suitable mould in which positioning means are provided for the disphragm 15, sealing ring 18, and the lifting tube 22. During 100 casting a bottle or container 31 of dye or other colouring material is inserted at a suitable position.

In operation, the steel casing 7 having been placed in position and water or mud 105 fluid circulated down the casing and upwardly through the annular space 24, the bottom plug 6 is inserted within the casing and liquid cement 25 pumped in above the plug, after which the top plug 110 14 is inserted. Mud fluid is now pumped into the casing about the top plug 14 causing the lower plug 6, cement 25 and top plug 14 to descend until the bottom plug 6 abuts against the concrete plug 26 115 of the shoe 27.

Continued pumping forces the top plug 14 downwardly whereby the cement is forced past the flexible disphragm through the passages 12 and 13 of the 120 bottom plug, the passage 28 of the shoe plug, past the non-return valve 29 and into the annular space 24.

It will be appreciated that during this process the pressure liquid above the top 125 plug is prevented from passing it by the flexible packing or sealing ring 18 which is of the nature of a U packing.

The diaphragm 15 operates to clean the inside of the casing scraping away any 130 deposit of cement thereon.

The flow of cement through the bottom plug passages continues until the top plug

14 engages the bottom plug.

During the subsequent drilling up of the top and bottom plugs, the dye bottles 31 and 30 will be ruptured to release the colouring matter which will stain the circulating mud fluid to indicate to the 10 operator that the plug has been penetrated.

It will be appreciated that according to the strata being drilled through the mud in circulation will be of different colours 15 and by the utilisation of staining dyes according to the invention suitable contrasting colours may be employed, operators being offered a selection of plugs with various colour staining properties.

Instead of casting the dye container in the plugs, the latter may be cast with a suitable recess or aperture into which the container is placed prior to the insertion of the plug in the casing, whereby suitably coloured dyes may be inserted as

desired.

In some cases instead of the shoe plug and non-return valve being located at the bottom of the casing, they may set in a so float collar located at a point intermediate the length of the casing.

The bottom plug may in some circumstances be dispensed with the liquid cement being allowed to be pumped down as in contact with the water below it.

Having now particularly described and ascertained the nature of our said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, we declare that what we claim 40 is:—

1. A cementing plug for use in the cementing of casings in bore holes, formed by moulding or casting in concrete or similar cementitious material, and having an annular flexible packing ring or disphragm cast therein and adapted to engage the wall of the casing.

2. A cementing plug as claimed in claim 1, wherein the diaphragm is secured within the plug by pins passing through the diaphragm and embedded in the concrete

or like material.

3. A bottom cementing plug as claimed in claim 1 or 2, having an upper reduced portion in which the diaphragm is located, and provided with radial passages merging into an axial passage extending through the lower portion.

4. A top cementing plug as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the diaphragm is located in the lower part of the plug and wherein the upper part has a reduced portion forming a recess to accommodate a packing or spaling ring which is east in

5: Cementing plugs as claimed in claim
1, 2, 3 or 4, wherein means are provided
adapted on penetration of the plug by
drilling, to stain the drilling mud a distinctive colour, said means comprising a
bottle or container for a dye or colouring
material of solid liquid powder or crystal
form, said container with the dye being
inserted into the plug during moulding or
into a suitable recess moulded therein.

6. Cementing plugs substantially as described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Dated this 18th day of June, 1942.

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